# **HTTP AND THE WEB**

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# ATTRIBUTION

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- These slides incorporate material from:
  - Computer Networks: A Systems Approach, 5e, by Peterson and Davie
  - The Go Programming Language by Donovan and Kernighan



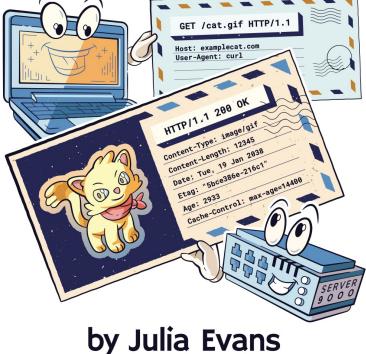
# HTTP "ZINE"

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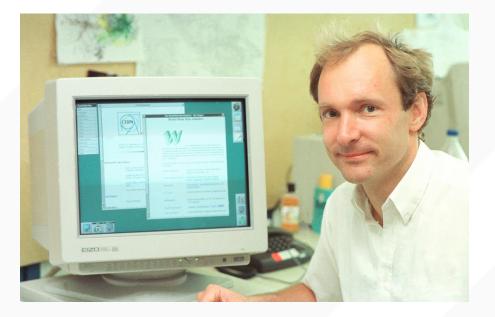






# HTTP AS AN EMERGING TRANSPORT LAYER

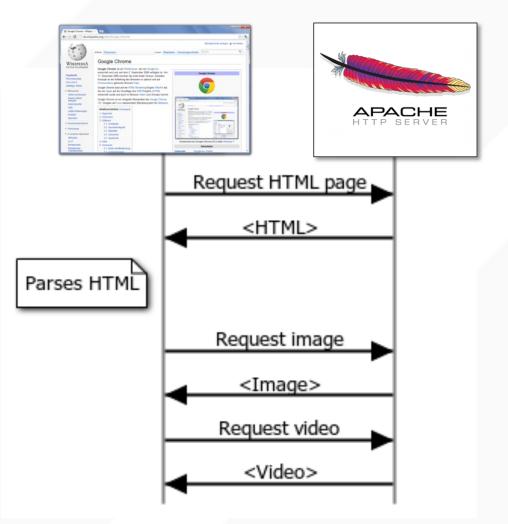
- HTTP: HyperText Transfer Protocol
  - Tim Berners-Lee at CERN in 1989
  - Used for web browsing



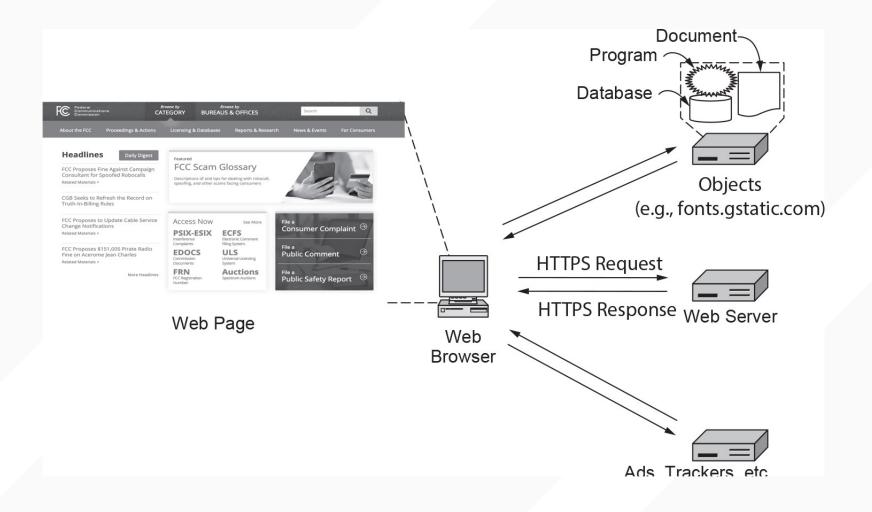
- In addition to web browsing:
  - Video streaming via DASH on YouTube/Netflix, etc
  - REST (Representational state transfer)
  - Chat apps like Slack
  - Many others

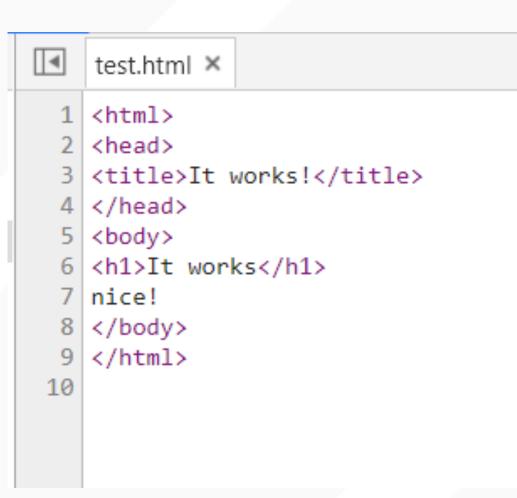
# **WEB/HTTP OVERVIEW**

- Documents link to other documents
  - Specified in HTML files
- HTTP is the protocol for retrieving HTML files from servers
  - and images, sounds, video, ...
- Implemented in servers
  - Apache, nginx, MSFT IIS
- and clients
  - Chrome
  - MSFT Edge
  - Apple Safari...



#### **AGGREGATING CONTENT FROM WEB SERVERS**





## A WEB REQUEST EXAMINED

- Steps that occur when a link is selected:
  - Browser determines the URL
  - Browser asks DNS for the IP address of the server
  - DNS replies
  - Browser opens a TCP connection
  - Sends HTTP request for the page
  - Server sends the page as HTTP response
  - Browser fetches other URLs as needed
  - Browser displays the page
  - The TCP connections are released

# EXAMPLE OF REQUESTS MAKING UP FCC.GOV

| 500 ms 10  | 000 ms 1500 m |            | is 2000 ms         |              | 2500 m |           |
|--|---------------|------------|--------------------|--------------|--------|-----------|
| Name   | Status        | Туре       | Initiator          | Size         | Time   | Waterfall |
| icons-sa0dc29a632.png                                  | 200           | png        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 111       |
| bg-pattern-gray.png?1528211709                         | 200           | png        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | - L       |
| icon-xls.gif?1528211709                                | 200           | gif        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 1         |
| icon-pdf.gif?1528211709                                | 200           | gif        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 1         |
| consumer-bg.png?1528211709                             | 200           | png        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 1         |
| icons-2x-s4a93a70c85.png                               | 200           | png        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 1.        |
| icons-2x-sb1583bf5f5.png                               | 200           | png        | (index)            | (memory c    | 0 ms   | 1         |
| <ul> <li>menu-active-pointer.png?1528211709</li> </ul> | 200           | png        | jquery.min.js:3    | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| shadow-mask.png?1528211709                             | 200           | png        | jquery.min.js:3    | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| widget_iframe.69e02060c7c44baddf1b562                  | 200           | document   | widgets.js:8       | (disk cache) | 2 ms   |           |
| settings   | 200           | fetch      | VM15:1             | 236 B        | 73 ms  |           |
| ae.js  | 200           | script     | (index):934        | 0 B          | 15 ms  |           |
| moment~timeline~tweet.a1aa0f6410f7eaad                 | 200           | script     | widgets.js:1       | (disk cache) | 2 ms   |           |
| timeline.f7ace10bb00711bb451dd3652315                  | 200           | script     | widgets.js:1       | (disk cache) | 2 ms   |           |
| favicon.ico  | 200           | vnd.micros | Other              | 15.1 KB      | 54 ms  |           |
| profile?callback=twttr.callbacks.tl_i0_pro             | 200           | script     | widgets.js:8       | 11.3 KB      | 133 ms |           |
| Y9ZQaf24?format=jpg&name=144x144_2                     | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   | )         |
| DJY-k5tn?format=jpg&name=144x144_2                     | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| LC0RTDgM?format=jpg&name=600x314                       | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| bkTB9OHO?format=png&name=600x314                       | 200           | png        | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| VinVtERd?format=jpg&name=144x144_2                     | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| sVaf8fcU?format=jpg&name=600x314                       | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| uNvZ0kjK?format=jpg&name=144x144_2                     | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| OT7W1nAj?format=jpg&name=600x314                       | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| deTa0kd4?format=jpg&name=144x144_2                     | 200           | jpeg       | widgets.js:8       | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| 1f6a8.png  | 200           | webp       | widgets.js:8       | 34 B         | 9 ms   |           |
| 2b07.png   | 200           | webp       | widgets.js:8       | 34 B         | 9 ms   |           |
| timeline.b19b28e5dd6afdadd09507e64bad                  | 200           | text/css   | widgets.js:8       | 52.5 KB      | 5 ms   |           |
| 9WfkWd8l_bigger.jpg                                    | 200           | jpeg       | moment~timeline~tw | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| 6oGQ7W00_bigger.jpg                                    | 200           | jpeg       | moment~timeline~tw | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| syndication_bundle_v1_73385286cca9d22                  | 200           | text/css   | widgets.js:8       | 44.1 KB      | 43 ms  |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| data:image/svg+xml;                                    | 200           | svg+xml    | Other              | (memory c    | 0 ms   |           |
| jot  | 200           | document   | widgets.js:8       | 0 B          | 3 ms   |           |

#### **HTTP OVERVIEW**

- HTTP is a text oriented protocol.
- HTTP is a request/response protocol
- Requests and responses both look like:

MESSAGE\_BODY <CRLF>

• The first line (START LINE) indicates whether this is a request message or a response message.

#### **BNF OF A SIMPLE REQUEST**

#### **HTTP REQUESTS**

- Request Messages define
  - The operation (called *method*) to be performed
  - The web page the operation should be performed on
  - The version of HTTP being used.
- Examples:
  - GET /index.html HTTP/1.0
  - GET /images/catimg23.jpg HTTP/1.1
  - GET /contracts/contract3.txt HTTP/1.1

# **HTTP METHODS**

| Method  | Description               |
|---------|---------------------------|
| GET     | Read a Web page           |
| HEAD    | Read a Web page's header  |
| POST    | Append to a Web page      |
| PUT     | Store a Web page          |
| DELETE  | Remove the Web page       |
| TRACE   | Echo the incoming request |
| CONNECT | Connect through a proxy   |
| OPTIONS | Query options for a page  |

#### **OPTIONAL HTTP REQUEST HEADERS**

- After the start line are *request headers*:
  - Text-based, key and value separated by a colon
- Example 1:

GET /index.html HTTP/1.0 User-Agent: Firefox 23.3.1

• Example 2:

GET /images/cat2.jpg HTTP/1.1 Host: www.cs.ucsd.edu User-Agent: Chrome 12.1

# **HTTP HEADERS**

| Header            | Туре     | Contents   |
|-------------------|----------|--|
| User-Agent        | Request  | Information about the browser and its platform       |
| Accept            | Request  | The type of pages the client can handle              |
| Accept-Charset    | Request  | The character sets that are acceptable to the client |
| Accept-Encoding   | Request  | The page encodings the client can handle             |
| Accept-Language   | Request  | The natural languages the client can handle          |
| If-Modified-Since | Request  | Time and date to check freshness                     |
| If-None-Match     | Request  | Previously sent tags to check freshness              |
| Host              | Request  | The server's DNS name                                |
| Authorization     | Request  | A list of the client's credentials                   |
| Referrer          | Request  | The previous URL from which the request came         |
| Cookie            | Request  | Previously set cookie sent back to the server        |
| Set-Cookie        | Response | Cookie for the client to store                       |
| Server            | Response | Information about the server                         |
| Content-Encoding  | Response | How the content is encoded (e.g., gzip)              |
| Content-Language  | Response | The natural language used in the page                |
| Content-Length    | Response | The page's length in bytes                           |
| Content-Type      | Response | The page's MIME type                                 |
| Content-Range     | Response | Identifies a portion of the page's content           |
| Last-Modified     | Response | Time and date the page was last changed              |
| Expires           | Response | Time and date when the page stops being valid        |
| Location          | Response | Tells the client where to send its request           |
| Accept-Ranges     | Response | Indicates the server will accept byte range requests |
| Date              | Both     | Date and time the message was sent                   |
| Range             | Both     | Identifies a portion of a page                       |
| Cache-Control     | Both     | Directives for how to treat caches                   |
| ETag              | Both     | Tag for the contents of the page                     |
| Upgrade           | Both     | The protocol the sender wants to switch to           |

#### **HTTP RESPONSES**

- Also begins with a single START LINE.
  - The version of HTTP being used, A three-digit status code, text description of the code
- Example:

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Content-Type: text/html

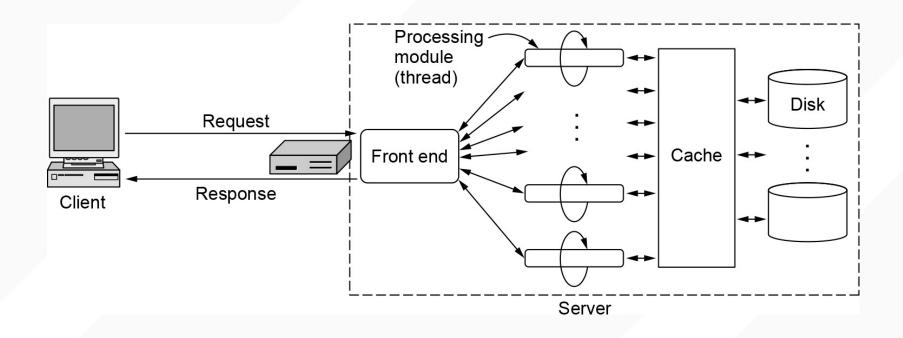
Content-Length: 291

| Code | Meaning      | Examples   |
|------|--------------|--|
| 1xx  | Information  | 100 = server agrees to handle client's request     |
| 2xx  | Success      | 200 = request succeeded; 204 = no content present  |
| Зхх  | Redirection  | 301 = page moved; 304 = cached page still valid    |
| 4xx  | Client error | 403 = forbidden page; 404 = page not found         |
| 5xx  | Server error | 500 = internal server error; 503 = try again later |

## **DESIGNING YOUR SERVER**

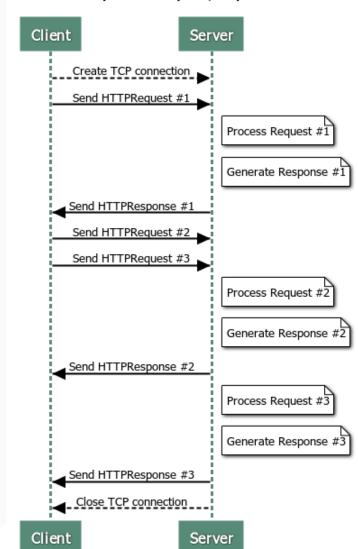
- Steps the server performs in its main loop:
  - Accept a TCP connection from a client (a browser)
  - Get the path to the page, which is the name of the file requested
  - Get the file (from disk)
  - Send an HTTP header then contents of the file to the client
  - Release the TCP connection
- Modern Web servers have more features
- For dynamic content
  - Third step may be replaced by the execution of a program that generates and returns the contents

## **TYPICAL SERVER DESIGN**



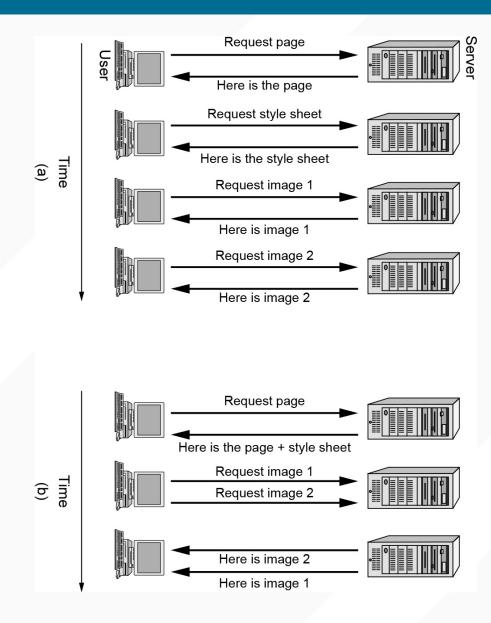
# HTTP PIPELINING (VERSION HTTP/1.1)

- HTTP/1.0 opened a new connection for every data item it retrieved
- Overhead in establishing a new connection to the same server over and over again
- HTTP/1.1 Persistent Connections
  - Reuse connection over many requests/responses
  - But more complex in terms of framing/parsing
    - How to know when one request ends and the next begins?
    - This is part of the 1.1 spec



#### Pipelined request/response

#### **EXAMPLE OF PIPELINING**



# **TOOLS TO EXPLORE HTTP: CURL**

curl -v -o /dev/null http://cseweb.ucsd.edu/~gmporter/index.html 2> out

## **TOOLS TO EXPLORE HTTP: FETCH.GO**

- From "The Go Programming Language" by Donovan and Kernighan
  - Chapter 1.5 (client) and 1.7 (server)
    - fetch.go
    - status-code.go
    - simpleserver.go
    - headerserver.go

